

MT. STERLING ADVOCATE.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, IDENTICAL IN INTEREST WITH ITS OWN PEOPLE.

VOL. V

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 1895.

NO. 47

Hammocks!

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Drug and Book Store,

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Mt. Sterling, Ky.

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Croquet Sets.

Low Prices.

AT DUTY'S CALL

Policeman Charles Evans

Fatally Shot in Attempting to Arrest John Johnson.

The Negro Wounded by the Dying Officer.

Policeman Horace Lane's Close Call.

City Policemen Evans and Lane had an encounter with a bad negro on Saturday night which cost Evans his life, and out of which Lane came unhurt by the merest chance. Saturday evening city Policemen Horace Lane and Charles Evans were notified that a bad negro, John Johnson, was raising a disturbance in that abominable bad locality known as Deep Bottom, and went down to arrest him. Johnson is an ex-convict, having served two terms already in the pen. He is a son of the negro whom Henry Watson killed some five years since. The policemen had little fear of any trouble and had made no

thought his wound was necessarily fatal. When it was known that Evans was dead it was with the utmost difficulty that the more conservative element among our people prevailed on the angry friends of the dead man to give the law an opportunity to deal with the villainous negro who had done so much devilry. Judge Cooper, however, called a special term of Court for June 28, in order to give this and the Whittaker case speedy trials, and the hot-headed ones were quieted down.

The dead officer was one of the most quiet of men. An honest, upright, sober and discreet officer, who did his duty fearlessly but quietly and gentlemanly under the most trying circumstances. He was everywhere recognized as one of the best and most efficient men on the force and had the respect of all classes. His death is a real loss to the community. He had been married to his second wife only about ten days. She is a second time a widow by the hand of violence. Her first husband, Jude Langston, was killed some five years ago in this city by Sam Everett, and now a second time she is called to stand at the bier of a husband ruthlessly snatched away from her side by bloody hands. Mr. Evans had a large family of children, several of whom are small and needed the father's care and help he could give them. God pity them, and pity a community where such deeds of violence are permitted to go unpunished.

BRUTALLY MURDERED.

Newton Anderson Killed

By Henry Whittaker Near Johnson Station.

An Inexcusable and Cowardly Murder.

Henry Whittaker, who lives near Johnson's Station in Menefee county, walked up to Jailer Chenault about 11 o'clock on Saturday night, saying he wanted to surrender himself as he had killed a man. Mr. Chenault was not first disposed to credit his story, but when the fellow pulled from his pocket a pistol with which he said the deed was done, the Jailer knew he had at least a concealed weapon case against him, so put him inside the bars. Whittaker's statement, which is given without a shadow of regret, is that he heard a young man, 18 years of age, Newton Anderson, had threatened to kill him on sight. Anderson and Whittaker had previously had some angry words, over some testimony given in court by the former

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THE CLOTHIERS, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

preparations for it, but before they were aware of what the negro would do, he fired full at Lane, the ball striking fair upon his policeman's badge, which was pinned just over his heart. The badge was bent into a cup shape almost and Lane was knocked down by the force of the blow. Evans drew his pistol, but by this time the negro turned on him, both firing about the same time. Evans was shot in the lower part of the abdomen and the negro in the left breast, the ball striking a rib and ranging upward, but penetrating the lung and lodging in the shoulder. Evans fell, but fired again, striking Johnson in the thigh, bringing him to the ground. The ball was cut from Johnson's shoulder and he was removed to the jail. Evans was carried to his home, where it was soon ascertained his wound was a fatal one. Mr. Evans lived till 12:30 o'clock Sunday, when death relieved him of further suffering.

There is small doubt the negro Johnson would have been treated before he could have been removed to the jail but for the fact that it was

by the law of the land. Oh, for a legal hanging or two! Such an object lesson would have a better effect on the notoriously inclined than a dozen men dangling at ropes' ends from the tree.

Mr. Evans' funeral will take place from the Christian church this morning at 10 o'clock. Services conducted by Elder H. D. Clark and Rev. C. J. Nugent. He will be buried by the Old Fellows of which order he was a member.

Jesse Blair, a brother of Tom Blair, who was lynched at this place, New Year's morning, was shot on Saturday near his home in Morgan county, at mouth of Pleasant Run, by Hensley Dyer, a son of Thomas Dyer, of the same neighborhood. Blair was shot twice, once in the breast and again in the shoulder. He will probably recover. The particulars of the origin of the difficulty are not at present obtainable.

Mr. A. J. Hardin and Miss Mattie Quisenberry, of this county, were married at the Methodist parsonage, Rev. C. J. Nugent officiating.

He says he met Anderson in the road near Johnson's Station on Saturday evening, about 6:30 o'clock. He asked Anderson if he had threatened to kill him. Anderson said it was true. Whittaker pulled his pistol before Anderson could in any way defend himself, shot him once in the abdomen, once in the left breast and as he whirled and fell on his face, shot him three times in the back. Later reports from other sources say that the two men had been working together during the day, and that the murder was even less excusable than made out by Whittaker. It is said the parties had been friendly all day and that Whittaker walked off and waited for Anderson till he came up to him, then asking him—according to a statement the latter lived long enough to give— if he would say to his face what he had said to his back. Upon an answer that he would, Whittaker commenced firing. The wounded man lived till Sunday morning.

Born on the 8th inst. to John H. May and wife a son. This is their eleventh heir.

A Villain Foiled

On Monday night about four o'clock Miss Lila Turley, the 18 year old daughter of Mr. Joseph Turley, of this city, was awakened by some one in her room. Looking up she was horrified to see a burly negro sitting on the side of her bed pulling the bed covers from off her. Grasping the cover she drew it over her head and ordered the negro to leave. He, a second time pulled the cover from her, at the same time pointing a pistol at her head telling her to keep still or he would kill her. Instead of obeying she screamed at the top of her voice for her father. Mr. Turley sprang from his bed in a lower room, and the negro hearing him jumped from the window on to a shed roof, down a ladder, up which he had climbed, and escaped. It was light enough for the young lady to see the features of the scoundrel and she will recognize him if seen again. Every effort is being made to find the villain. Already one arrest has been made, and it he proves to be the man wanted there will be use for the trestle again.

Miss Turley is a daughter of Mr. Joseph Turley, a prominent fire stock dealer of this city, and a beautiful young woman, whose gentleness and ladylike bearing on all occasions, has won for her the many friends her true worth merits.

The villain who attempts such a heinous outrage, whether he succeeds or not, is unfit to live, and the sooner the world is rid of his presence the better for it.

Sunday afternoon in front of the colored church at Athens Pink Wilson shot and killed Arch Wilson. Both parties are colored and lived at Inezertown, a negro settlement between Chilesburg and Athens.

A Midnight Shooting.

On Friday night about eleven o'clock people who live in the section of town east of Maysville and north of Main streets were startled by a couple of reports seemingly from a gun or pistol of large calibre. It seems that Henry Watson, Connelman from the third ward had gone to Settles Drow's livery stable and left his horse and buggy. He started in the direction of home and when he reached the mouth of Wilson Alley only a few steps away, the shots were heard. A crowd soon gathered at the scene and Watson explained he had been fired on by some party or parties who were in the alley the guns being so near his face that the flash from them blinded him, Parlies, and there are several of them, whose word is unimpeachable, say the direction of the flashes were upward and the guns were pointed in the air. Parties who were near did not hear any one running down the alley as Watson says he did. It may have been some half drunken fool trying to perpetrate a very poor practical joke or it may be possible, as some assert, that the negro Johnson, who shot policeman Evans on Saturday night, may have attempted to carry into effect a threat he is said to have made to kill Watson, who some five years since killed Johnson's father.

WHY HOOD'S? Because Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best, most reliable and accomplishes the greatest cures. **HOOD'S CURES**

Taxes Returned.

At a meeting of the City Council Thursday night an ordinance was passed directing the City Clerk to issue vouchers to the several banks of the City to return to them the taxes paid under protest for the years 1893 and 1894. This was done in accordance with the decision of the Court of Appeals in the bank cases. Under the decision of the Court, the Hewett Law holds good, being, as contended by the banks, in the nature of a contract which the framers of the New Constitution could not annul. It was ordered there to be paid back: to the Traders Deposit Bank—\$795.91, to the Mt. Sterling National Bank—\$1692.75, to the Exchange Bank of Kentucky—\$148.49.

Mayor Baum holds up the ordinance as yet not having decided whether he will veto it. The decision of the Court exempts the banks from taxation for municipal purposes.

Wanted!

A boy or young man of business, who desires to learn the art of printing. One who will give his entire attention to the work without any interruption. Apply at this office.

The Electric Light Company, we are informed, will be ready to turn on light not later the July 5th, and probably by the first of the month.

"None So Blind

AS those who will not see." There are people in town who do not trade with us. We want to make them see their mistake. If you are one of them, let us have your next order for Groceries. Try us. We offer this week some special low prices.

Come and see.

A. BAUM & SON, GROCERS,

21 E. Main St., MT. STERLING.

THE ADVOCATE.

A Novel Duel.

On the Island of Jamaica there was a meeting between a Scotch captain and a noted creole duellist, Henri d'Evigle. The captain had gone ashore and was dining at a hotel in Kingston, where, as not infrequently happened, the company indulged rather more freely in drinks than was wise in those quarrelsome days. All went well until Captain Stewart was requested by d'Evigle to sing a song in Gaelic. Now, although Scotchman, Stewart claimed that he knew no Gaelic, but the creole being persistent rather than give offense the captain sang "Auld Lang Syne," and supposed that compromise was satisfactory. [The company broke up and Captain Stewart returned to the ship accompanied by a friend. On their way back the friend mentioned d'Evigle's reputation as a bully and expressed his opinion that he deliberately sought a quarrel for the purpose of engaging the captain in a duel. Captain Stewart then said:

"There is no more horrible practice of our time. Once and only once have I fought a duel. That was when I was a young man, and for the sake of a lady for whom hand my dearest friend and I were suitors. I killed him. Since I saw him lying dead at my feet I have not known a happy day. I thought to-night that fate had ordered me and I should be challenged to give up my life for an offense more trivial than that for which I took the life of my friend."

Arrived at the ship the captain stood leaning against the bulwarks watching the lights fade out as dawn came over the town, when he saw a small boat coming toward his vessel, which was lying at anchor. As it drew near, he recognized an officer in the Colombian service, a friend of d'Evigle. He boarded the vessel and going up to Captain Stewart said he had come from d'Evigle with a challenge for the insult of substituting an English song for Gaelic and thus attempting to make him a laughing stock for those of the company who knew better. Stewart turned to his friend and said:

"My forebodings were right after all."

He tried, however to explain to d'Evigle's messenger that no offense had been intended and to point out the absurdity of a duel for such a cause and at last flatly refused to accept the challenge. A few days after Captain Stewart met d'Evigle and as might have been foreseen was instantly assailed as "coward" and what was worse was struck across the face with a horsewhip. This was more than the Scotchman could stand so he sent the message d'Evigle so much desired and at the time appointed took two of his sailors with him to the rendezvous. The men carried a pickaxe and a spade.

Stewart ordered them to dig a grave sufficiently deep to receive two bodies and to d'Evigle's astonishment insisted that they should both stand in this grave, holding a pistol in one hand and in the other the diagonal corners of a handkerchief, which stretched out would regulate the distance. The creole thus cornered, had no choice but to accept the conditions. The two men stepped down into the grave, and Captain Stewart firmly grasped the handkerchief, saying, "The world will be well rid of a scoundrel, and also of a miserable man." The seconds drew lots for the word of command. Meanwhile d'Evigle fumbled with his corner of the handkerchief, dropped it and picked it up again. His face was as white as the piece of linen, and before the word "Fire" had passed the tips of the men whose duty it was to give it, he fell forward in a dead faint.

Captain Stewart looked down on him for a moment, then, with a look of disgust, kicked him, scrambled out of the grave and made his way back to the ship—Brooklyn Eagle.

In Arizona, Wyoming and other Rocky Mountain districts there are immense quantities of petrified wood. This, when dressed and polished makes a most pleasant substitute for marble and onyx, wherever these are used for ornamental purposes. The demand for this material has become so extensive that several factories have been established, where it is cut and polished and made into mantels, tables, etc. The great variety in colors and grains, together with the high polish which it takes, makes it an excellent substitute for more expensive materials. It will probably become quite an important industry when well introduced.

ANNUAL ADDRESS

OF THE PRESIDENT

Of the Woman's Missionary Society

Of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South.

MISS BELLE H. BENNETT.

Year after year, we come to these Annual Missionary Meetings, sit together for a few days in happy Christian intercourse, and go back to our homes, better or worse, for the opportunity that has been given us.

In making, what is by courtesy, usually called the "Annual Address," I have heretofore come before you with a brief record of the year's work—a short record of the plans, methods and achievements of the Society since its organization, or asked you to lift up your eyes and look, for a moment, on the fields so long white to the harvest in the "regions beyond." To-night, I ask you, to consider, briefly, with me, what profit there is to us, in coming to these Annual Meetings? What ought we to get from them? We come up from our homes, our various occupations and duties, some through trials and difficulties, perhaps bearing heavy burdens—not for recreation or entertainment, though we may and do get both—but as delegates to a Missionary Meeting. Women, selected and chosen, as representatives of the great, missionary principle which was Divinely manifested in the incarnation of the Son of God.

Christ came into the world, to redeem the world, to save man from sin. His words were, "I will that all men shall be saved." "If, if he lifted up, will draw all men to me." "Even as the Father hath loved me, so have I loved you." Although an Hebrew to the Hebrews, and so far as the record shows, going but twice, during His public ministry, outside the confines of His native Palestine; yet, His was no narrow mission. He did not come to any one people or nation, and in that final closing hour, His earthly career finished, as He stood in the midst of His disciples having put on His glorified body, "surely, never man spoke as this man." "All power is given unto me, Go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature, and lo, I am with you always." We call this, now, "the great commission"—the "great commission"—and you and I, my dear sisters, are supposed to have in us the spirit and the mind of this Christ. A burning and consuming desire for the salvation of the whole world. Is this true? Every Christian must have in her, some measure of the missionary spirit, else how can she be of Christ? But the indifference, the ignorance, the disobedience of the church concerning the great and vital question of the evangelization of the world is a constant wound and reproach to us. Look at the history of our own organization. A Church with a membership of one million four hundred thousand—one million of whom are women and girls. Among us, a well organized, well-equipped Woman's Missionary Society—requiring only ten cents per month as a membership fee and asking for a meeting of one hour each month, to be spent in prayer, praise and study of the work. Yet, in the seventeen years of its existence, only about thirty-seven thousand women, who teach and train the same number of young people and children, have been enrolled as members. In our own Kentucky Conference, with the names of twenty thousand women and girls on our church records—fewer than three thousand are enlisted in the work. And this is but a repetition of the history of the missionary cause in all denominations, except, perhaps, the Moravian. We know, too, that this "little remnant" is the working laity of the Church, "the power that makes for righteousness"—and how often we comfort ourselves with the phrase, "Fear not, little flock, it is your Father's good pleasure to give you the

kingdom." But ought we not to make these Annual Meetings a time for our self-examination? When we shall ask ourselves the questions, "Am I in no way responsible for the appalling ignorance and blindness of the Church?" "Have I the true missionary spirit, the love of Christ and humanity that constrains me to commend it to others?" "Do I believe that God has power to save the whole world from sin?" "Am I a liberal, intelligent friend, through which the Holy Spirit can work to the conversion of others?" "Have I consecrated myself to Christ and His service, or have I given myself to some particular branch of church work, because it is most agreeable to me, and doing this, refuse to lift up my eyes to any other field, or open my ears to the cries from any other direction?" I am ready, as every manifestation of the Divine Will, to say like Paul, "Lord, what wilt thou have me to do?" or am I ready to protest with Peter, "not so Lord, this thing is unclean or common." Let us turn, for a moment, the "search light" of a few very practical questions upon our hearts.

We pray, earnestly, fervently, and perhaps with great faith, that God's kingdom may come and His will be done, in India, China, Africa and the islands of the sea. We gladly give our ten cents per month, a little of our time and something of our love to those far off lands, without knowing, or trying to know much about them. Now and then, we even remember God's ancient people and pray, according to the commandment, for the peace of Jerusalem—but are there any among us, who even occasionally speak to the Jews in our own business houses and upon our streets, of Him whom we believe to be the Messiah? Do we invite them to our Churches, our Prayer Meetings or Missionary Societies, and try to show them something of "Jesus and His love"? Again, do we, as we come in daily contact with the negro servants who wait in our kitchens, drive our carriages, walk in our parlors, tell the good tidings and bear witness to the saving power of the Gospel to them? "Do we long to see them, having God and rich experience of the things of God and become mighty in the Scriptures so that they may have the power to witness for Christ?" God put these people into our midst, and every dark face that looks up into ours, and every brown hand lifted to us, is a cry from Ethiopia, calling for light. Do not let us deceive ourselves by supposing that we are longing and praying for the redemption of the Dark Continent! If we neglect this offering of that heathen land, living in our very homes. We may not go to Africa, but Africa has come to us. One more—do we turn our eyes to these fair and beautiful mountains of our own State, and looking down through the long range of the Alleghenies in Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia and North Carolina, realize that there are in them, more than a million ignorant, degraded, Christless people, our own people? Are we in no way responsible for the one hundred years of neglect from which these people have suffered? Is there no obligation upon us to them? The crack of the rifle or the report of the revolver, followed by the glaring headline account of the newspaper correspondent, of another assassination or the outbreak of another mountain feud, may be the mass of our people, but the natural sequence of the vicious "what-in" lives of the ignorant mountaineers—but to us and me, my sisters, it is the voice of the Almighty God, saying, "Thy brother's blood cries to thee from the ground." Around us, on every side, in our cities, our little towns, and our country neighborhoods are the unconverted, the godless, the wayward and the heathenish. Do we go to them while sending to others? It is written, "Ye shall be witnesses unto me, both in Jerusalem and all Judea and in Samaria and unto the uttermost part of the earth." We may answer, there are thousands of people in our churches who say they believe in Home Missions—surely, they will do these things. While in these foreign lands there are vast provinces, whole countries that have not a single missionary nor a ray of Gospel light in them, our all is needed there. This excuse will no longer suffice for us. The Command was "Go ye" and we must obey it. It requires but little of personal sacrifice or self denial for most of us to meet our obligations to the Missionary Society and send some one else to foreign lands—but to go in person, to our brother, our sister, our neighbor, and tell him that we know God and know that he

loves us and saves us from sin, requires a close communion with Christ, a baptism of that power which he alone can give, and is the service through which our characters are purified and developed, and by which we become more and more like Him whom to know aright, is eternal life. If we make these meetings times of earnest, honest self-examination, times of humble and entire consecration, then they will be indeed, what they ought to be, and what they always are, to many of you—seasons of refreshing from the presence of the Lord." Here, our information of the work and all things concerning it ought to be greatly enlarged, our zeal quickened, our faith and courage established. Here, we ought to get the baptism of power, the outpouring of the Holy Spirit, God's promise, "ye shall be baptized with the Holy Spirit." His command is to us: "Tarry ye here until ye be endued with power from on high." Doing this, these meetings shall be to us a veritable standing upon the Mount of Transfiguration, and in looking upon the ineffable light that streams from the face of the Christ, we will be enabled to go back down into the valleys of service and in the midst of indifference, discouragements, sickness, poverty and vice, carry the "Joy of the Lord" in our hearts and in every sin-stained face—no matter how disfigured by ignorance, crime or debauchery—see the image and superscription of the Creator, and work, even with fasting and tears for the redemption of that soul. The dark places of the earth will be lighted up to us, and the great love filling our hearts and lives will go out alike, to the hardened sinner of our own land and the barbarous savage of the African jungle. With divinely reinforced strength we will go back to our churches, casting out the demons of ignorance, indifference and disobedience. Our local Societies will be built up, our numbers increased, the tithe paid, the thank offering made with gladness and the reproach of "have robbed me, with the Lord," shall be wiped out. The Church will put on a new garment of righteousness and no intelligent man or woman will dare to stand and say, "do not believe in foreign missions." For they shall know that the Gospel is the power of God unto the salvation of everyone that believeth, to men of every race and time.

Electric Locomotive Superior to Steam.

Comparing the electric with the steam locomotive as mechanisms, pure and simple, there is a wide difference between them as regards simplicity. On the one hand we have an aggregation consisting of boilers, pumps, cylinders, valves, piston and connecting rods, with reciprocating motions, while on the other hand, the electric locomotive has but a single moving part, the armature, having a rotary motion. It follows that the cost of repairs for a simple mechanism like the electric locomotive would be far below that of the steam locomotive, in proof of which we need only cite the statement of Mr. Alexander Siemens president of the English Institute of Electrical Engineers, that the electric locomotive operating in the London Underground Railroad ran 90,000 miles without costing a cent for repairs. All railroads will be eventually operated electrically. "The first changes from steam will probably be made, and have in fact already begun on short suburban roads where the traffic is heavy and the trains are run at frequent intervals, and thus approximate more closely to the ideal conditions of the economical electric railway. These electric spurs will then be gradually extended until in the course of time the entire system will be adapted to the new order of affairs, and a new generation of railroad officers, less wedded to the old methods will have come into existence. So far as new, light railways are concerned, such as those contemplated in England at the present time, and which are rapidly increasing in the United States, electricity presents advantages which cannot be disputed. It has even been suggested that such agricultural roads might largely increase their income by applying electric power for farming operations in the districts through which they pass. Some trolley roads do this now.—Scribner Magazine.

For Rent.

Rooms on first floor, near the business part of the city, and suitable for house-keeping. Apply to Mrs. W. S. Richard, 38 North Sycamore street.

SLANG DICTIONARY.

If You Are Mixed Refer to the

Following Definitions and Examples.

The following extracts are given from a "Slang Dictionary" running in the New York Recorder:

DOUGH—Money. Syn., "long green," "frog skin," "coof."

"Let me make the 'dough' of the country. I'll care for who make the laws."—John D. Rockefeller.

TIRE, to lose one's.—To be mentally unbalanced or incapacitated. (The figure is taken from "baking.") Syn., "fatty," "fuzzy."

"It seems to me that every lawyer I employ 'loses his tire.'"—Hetty Green.

SIGHT, out of.—Superlatively excellent. Syn., "very superior," "way up." (Perhaps a corruption of the German *ausgezeichnet*. If anybody should ask you my opinion of myself, either as a gentleman, an actor or a fighter, you may say for me that I am "out of sight.")—John L. Sullivan.

"What I Know About Clumps and Clumpions."

PEACH—Something very estimable and desirable. A laudatory expression that applies with equal force to anything, from a base-ball player to a possible presidential candidate. Syn., "lally-cool," "bird," "daisy," (obs.) "There is only one 'peach' in America, and I am it."—From "Harmon or Homily," by an anonymous author. (N. Y., 1885.)

TIX, to put in.—To resign or throw up a position that one cannot hold with safety or dignity. "It will be a great relief to the country to know that Oney has put in his tix."—A. N. Titrust.

JOLT, short-arm.—A surprise, or shock, usually of an unpleasant nature. (The figure is taken from the prize-ring.) "Justice is one thing for the cultured another for the poor. My sentence was a 'short-arm jolt.'"

RABS, his.—A term applied either as a mark of respect or disdain. When used in the former sense, generally not in the presence of the person designated. Syn., "jig-steps," "trolley," "jabs," "nibs." "Say what you will, his 'rabs' is an 'easy boss.'"—Lexicon in "Short Stories on Great Subjects."

WELL MUSCLED 'ROUND THE MOUTH—Eloquent, forcible in argument. "I am Sir Oracle, and when I feel confident that even if I am not, 'well muscled 'round the mouth,' I am always right."—G. Cleveland. (Who else would dare make the statement.)

FINGER, to give the.—To request that a bill be charged. Syn., "hang up," "to put on the slate." "I have lived in many lands, and know many men, but I have never yet had occasion to 'give the finger.'"—Thomas Ochiltree in "L'Art de Vivre."

GLAD HAND, to give the.—To greet effectively, with the expectation of receiving favors, either business, monetary or hospitable. "I gave my reformer the 'glad hand,' and all I got was the 'marble heart.'"—Ollie Teal, Mr. Whisker. (See MARBLE HEART.)

HEART, Marble.—A refusal to aid one's fellow-man.

SEWER, Corner.—One of the pockets of a pool table. "Watch me drive the 'John Kelly' ball into the 'corner sewer.'"—Sidney Drew. (See JOHNS KELLY.)

KELLY, JOHN.—In pool, the green ball.

STRING, to.—To trifle with the truth in such a way as to deceive. Also to make game of. Syn., "to jolly," "to guy." (Old English and straight American, to lie.) "He strings me to the top of my bent."—The "New Woman's Hamlet," edited by Elizabeth Cady Stanton.

The New Illuminant.

Carbide of calcium, as known to science, was a chemical curiosity until Mr. Wilson happened upon a way of preparing it in bulk in the course of his experiments upon the manufacture of calcium alloys by the agency of his electrical furnace. But this discovery put a new face upon the compound. When an article that has only existed in grains comes to be turned out by the ton, it is, in all intents and purposes, a new article. In this sense, car-

bide of calcium is very new indeed, and its industrial possibilities are never still, inasmuch as only the most direct and obvious of these developments have as yet been so much as hinted at.

Take it that the material can be produced by the ton, and it is impossible to surmise what chemical industry will be able in the fullness of time to make of it. The product of fusing, together, in an electrical furnace, such common materials as lime and carbon in any suitable form was exhibited by Professor Lewes in a lecture recently delivered in London as a greenish-gray, stone-like substance greatly resembling the commonest description of serpentine rock. When kept in the air, a light coating of lime soon forms on its surface. Upon handling it, a faint, unpleasant odor, suggestive of garlic, and also not altogether unlike the familiar reek that emanates from the iron work of an old gas purifier, manifests itself. To all appearance, it is a dull, inert stone, devoid of any other properties than those of common road metal, and not more likely to be credited by the casual observer with gas-producing capabilities. Upon a piece of this material Professor Lewes sprinkled a few drops of water, from a wash bottle and put a lighted taper to it. The nascent gas—acetylene—immediately ignited with more than the brilliancy of the pitey flame of highly bituminous coal in an open fire and continued to burn furiously over the wetted surface until all the water was gone. Then came the display of the same gas evolved in a jar (standing upon the lecture table) which contained pieces of the carbide in water and stored in making stiff glass bottles. It was a dramatic demonstration of Professor Lewes's little plot when he applied a light first to a single open flame burner, and then to a group of similar burners, and people saw for the first time in a public place the intensely brilliant, white and intensely looking flame of burning pure acetylene.

It is indeed a flame to wonder at. Nothing like it ever before came within the ken of a gas manager or dazzled the vision of a photographer. There is something startling in the suggestion that gas of two hundred and forty candle power—calculated, in accordance with photometrical practice, upon the basis of a consumption of five cubic feet per hour—can be burnt by means of an open flat flame burner. When the carbide of calcium first came into Professor Lewes's possession, it had not, in fact, been done, and, in order to get a flame of acetylene at all, the American handlers of the gas had fallen back upon the brutal device of diluting it with a certain proportion of air. This was to repeat the crude American way of rendering naphtha gas usable. But the dilution of acetylene with air is even more objectionable than is the same treatment in regard to naphtha gas, inasmuch as it is more easily converted into a violent explosion mixture. Professor Lewes, in accordance with burning acetylene in the pure state, in which it comes from the mixture of calcium carbide and water, has saved its prospects as an illuminant. He showed those wonderful acetylene flames already mentioned, each produced by burning the gas as made in the simple way described, without any adventitious mechanical or chemical aid, after the rate of half a cubic foot per hour, and at a stated yield of measured illuminating power of twenty-five candles. This could easily be credited. But what it is more difficult to convey in mere words is the impression of steadfastness, whiteness, and so to speak, solidity which the flames in question made on the observer. At a little distance, non-luminous zones could be perceived, but, on a close inspection, a tiny spark of burning over the top of the burner was visible. No flame was seen issuing from these flames, which, although exhibiting in their colors the evidence of intensely active combustion, were found to be much cooler than oil gas or acetylene gas flames of the same size. This is a most striking feature of free-burning acetylene. The incandescent electric lamps, of normal brilliancy, by which the lecture hall was lit, were made to look as dim as "red lights" by the virtue of the irradiation produced by its dazzling white flame, appeared to form balls of almost blinding light when viewed directly in face or sideways of the flame. The mantle of the incandescent gas light is no whiter than this, it is so white as, the naked acetylene flame, which is not flicker or change color; but in the absence of means of breaking a direct comparison between the two lights, it is rash to say which would bear the pain for purity of tint.—Review of Reviews.

THE ADVOCATE.

Wanted, A New Diet.

If you eat lemons says a high authority on dietetics, you will prolong your life. If you taste lead you to the tomato, another authority remarks, you will surely die young. Beware of it, for the insidious cancer lurks in every oval. And now the learned savants tell us that even in the succulent and delicious oyster, grim death lies concealed. That bi-valve after all these years, has been found by science to be infested with the deadly typhoid bacillus, which lives and thrives inside the shell. How we have managed to live so long and eat so many oysters must remain matters of startling surprise. In doing so, we have unconsciously impeded the work of the investigator, and seriously trifled with one whose beautiful experiments in bacteriology are at once the joy and delight of the world. Accounts of them are published now, so that all may read, heed and run. It has long been known that appendicitis, one of the most aristocratic and fashionable complaints of the period, may be pushed to unpleasant extremities by indulgence in the juicy raspberry unrelieved of its cluster of chronic seeds. Life has been made a burden to some because the caterer of our animal wants occasionally mistake the wild toadstool for the tender and nutritious mushroom. But even mushrooms have slain their thousands, for they are not members of the fungus family? and we all know what an over-dose of fungi will do for us, unless the family physician is on hand. It was a dish of lampreys, of which his Majesty "was indignantly fond," which did for an English King and what the lamprey accomplished with ease so long ago, he is fit to do again in this age of high living. Beans will produce their bad spells upon frames too weak to resist their seductive encroachments, and peas, whether split or whole, yellow or green, will provoke cautious consequences. The same the prawn, and the lobster vie with one another in tormenting the human man, so to speak, and the shrimp inspires visions that are hideous. No one can forget that that amiable and foolish bird, the partridge, is often loaded with a bane which creates distress; and there is no balm in Gilead which can soothe the piquant mortal who, sooner or later, sees his fate in the canned meats and venits to which his more or less depraved taste has led him. Too much meat says one, makes men vicious and cross. Tripe and onions produce in some the bovine quality; and though the sausage possesses a distinct charm of its own, it too has the power to hugoed into him otherwise happy homes. His twin brother, the ham, producing bologna, may be eaten cold without harm; but imprisonment makes him restless, and gives one that tired feeling. Pork, though it might preserve a yardful of moid as a safeguard, suggests trichinosis and the trick of Circe. The haggis is shrouded in mystery, but, fortunately, we are condemned to make a dash at it only once only a year. Fish will vitiate the blood. Even with the king of the tribe, salmon, we are never quite safe. The eruptive qualities of the rash oatmeal are too familiar to be questioned.

What are we to eat, what are we to forego? Vegetables have their devotees; but in the potato there is glutin; in the fiery horse radish are the seeds of indigestion and indignation; in the cabbage or the cauliflower there is often agony. Insect life dwells complacently in the golden pippin, and profligates in the northern apple. A new diet, surely, is needed. If we must keep pace with the progress of science and the results of the investigations of the doctors. The old foods must go. They have killed too many. An appeal to the Grand Diet of Worms might be made for aid, but we do not know that even the worm will turn?—Atlantic.

An electrician in New Jersey claims to have discovered the secret of the fire, and expel produce light without heat. He calls the little insect referred to. He has followed a new principle of electricity, and claims to be able to separate the divisions of electrical energy and employ only the illuminating elements. To be able to produce light without heat is to make a long advance in electrical discovery, and if the inventor can make good his claims a revolution in lighting is at hand. There is actually no limit to the possibilities of electrical discovery—your item.

GLASS PAPER.

That Would be a More Accurate Designation Nowadays Than Sandpaper.

Sandpaper as now made is false to its name, for it has no sand about it, the place of that material being now taken unusually by powdered glass, which does its work with vastly greater effect, says the Philadelphia Enquirer.

One of the most important operations in the fabrication of sandpaper is the pulverization of the glass into powder of the different grades of fineness. Commonly an iron mortar is used for this purpose, a heavy iron pestle being the crushing instrument. Stamping machinery is better. It consists of a stout box, whose iron side walls serve as a base for the stamping machinery. In the box which can be closed by a wooden door to prevent waste of material and also injury to the workman, are two iron cylinders in which play the stamps. These crush the glass, turning them into awia axes as they work.

For grading the powder several shifting cylinders are necessary, covered with gauze of different mesh. Beginning with the coarsest the workman proceeds gradually to the finest, cutting each time that which passes through the network.

The paper to be used in the manufacture must be good, strong and rather long-fibred; it must also be free from knots and irregularities, and if there be any such they must be planned off. If they would be overlooked, they would interfere with the proper use of the sandpaper; the knots would protrude through the glue, and little edges and channels would result, making it impossible to smooth off surface evenly with the paper.

The paper is cut into two large sheets, spread out on tables, fastened down, and then painted by means of a large brush, with a thin, even coat of hot glue. If the glue is too thin and the paper of bad quality, the glue soaks into the paper, so that which remains is not of sufficient consistency to hold the glass. This results a sandpaper from which the glass easily rubs off, or which in places has no glass at all, or not enough. This is notably the case with the coarser varieties, in which the layer of glue must be put on with exceeding care that the relatively large fragments of glass which in no manner be soaked with the binding material, may be held fast in it. On the other hand, if the layer of glue is too thick or the consistency too viscous, the outer part hardens too quickly, so that the glass powder cannot embed itself in it.

When the glue has been spread on the paper the powdered glass must be sifted on through an appropriate sieve. This operation also requires considerable skill, though not so much as the spreading of the glue. For the glass must not be sifted merely in such a manner as to give a given quantity to a sheet, but so that each sheet may be covered evenly. Even then all the powder will not stick, and some of the particles lie upon others without touching the glue; these can be shaken off by a slight movement of the paper. When the superfluous glass powder has been removed a wooden roller is passed lightly over the paper to press the particles of glass as firmly as possible into the glue and to form a perfectly even surface.

The First Step.

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into Nervous Prostration. You need a Nerve Tonic and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this Great Nerve Tonic and Alternative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the Kidneys and Liver resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50 cents at W. S. Lloyd's Drug Store.

Big Land Deal.

Ashland, Ky., June 13.—The Means & Russell Iron Company has just closed a deal with New England parties by which 3,000 acres of timber land changes hands, the price of \$45,000 being spot cash. This is the largest cash land transfer the State has seen in five years.

SWEET CAPORAL
THE OLD RELIABLE
SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE
Has stood the Test of Time
MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

The Ills of Women.

Constipation causes more than half the ills of women. Karl's Clover Root Tea is a pleasant cure for constipation. For sale by Thos. Kennedy.

For Contempt of Court.

Opposite the stage station and hotel was a shanty with a sign of "Jail" over the door, and I strolled over there and asked of a man sitting at the door and smoking a pipe:

"Can I take it that this is the county jail?"
"You kin, air," he promptly replied.
"Not much of a jail."
"No, sir; but it's a new county, you know."

"Any prisoners inside."
"No, sir; I'm the only prisoner, and they allow me outside."
Where is the Sheriff or Jailor?
"Gone off hunting."
"And left you all alone?"
"All alone. I'm purty comfortable however, and my time will be out in about six months."

"But I should think you'd run clear," I said, as I offered him a cigar.
"Whear too?" he queried in reply.
"If I go to Grass Valley the boys will hang me for boss stealin'." If I go to Ridge City they'll hang me fur stealin' a newel. Over to Euchre Bend they want me to pull hemp for robbin' Bill White. I might get up into the mountains, but the durned Injuns would try for my scalp. The safest place for me is right here, an' I shain't say in a word."
"My friend, would it hurt your feelings if I should ask you why you were sent here?"
"Not a bit sir, I killed a man."
"You did, eh? But how—how—"
"How did it happen I was sent to jail fur a y'a'r instead of being hung?"
"Yes."

Oh, they didn't keep anything about the killin' and give me two bull months to walk off in. As I wouldnt go, the Judge he said it was contempt of court, and sent me up here for a y'a'r, so he could be the use of my cause and guns free gratis. Don't happen to have a new deck of keards with you, eh?"
"Sorry to say I haven't."
"I was in hopes you had. The Judge will be up this way to-morrow, and I'd have the keards all marked and play him the best three out of five to see whether I drawed pay as jailer or scrubbed along as prisoner."—St. Louis Republic.

A Fact Worth Knowing.

Consumption, LaGrippe, Pneumonia, and all Throat and Lung diseases are cured by Shilo's Cure. For sale by Thos. Kennedy.

Student's Summer Conference

On the grounds of the University of Tennessee, at Knoxville, Tenn., June 14 to 23, 1895.

For this occasion the Southern States Passenger Association has authorized a rate of one limited first-class fare for the round trip, tickets of iron-clad signature form, limited to continuous passage in both directions, to be sold June 13th and 14th, good returning up to and including June 25th, 1895.

The Southern Railway offers to the teachers and pupils desiring to attend this conference, fast and convenient trains and elegantly equipped trains.

Information cheerfully furnished upon application by any Agent or by W. A. TURN, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.

C. A. BENNETT, A. G. P. A., Knoxville, Tenn.

Old papers for sale here.

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

No catch penny price affects us, but we will for the next Ten Days, for CASH only, make you some special prices like unto this: All-wool Carpets, 40c per yard; Tapestry Brussels 50c per yard; Smith's Moquet Rugs, small for doors, 90c; Rugs 27x64, \$1.75; Large size, 36x72 \$2.75; Smyrna Rugs door mats, 90c; Smyrna Rugs 27x64 \$2.00; Smyrna 36x72 \$2.90. Largest size Sultan Rugs, \$5.50. Window Shades for 15c up to 25c; Curtain Poles, 15c each or two for 25c. These are all new are all new goods, no old styles among them, and we guarantee to be as represented.

We have also on transit and in stock some Fancy Mahogany and Curly Birch Suits and Fancy Unlaid Tables in new designs. Book Cases, Sideboard, Buffets, Leather Dirrises, Fancy Oak Tables, and everything in the Furniture and Carpet Department is complete. We are determined not to be undersold and everything we sell we guarantee, so if you want bargains, we are here for the purpose of waiting on you. It is no trouble to show you through our house and give you prices. Remember the prices are for ten days only.

Undertaking a Specialty. **SUTN & SMITH.**
Masonic Temple Bul'g.

MICHAEL LAUGHLIN,
MANUFACTURER OF
TIN, COPPER AND SHEETIRON WARE
AND DEALER IN
House Furnishings.
Agents for the American and Perfect Filter.
House Gutting, Metallic and Slate roofing.

South Mayersville Street, | Mt. Sterling, Ky.
Laughlin's Old Stand.

LIGHTNING HOT DROPS
BREAKS UP A COLD.

CURES Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Diarrhoea, Flux, Cholera, Malaria, Nausea, and all other ailments of the stomach and bowels.

HEALS Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Bites of Animals and Bugs, Etc.

Tastes Good. Smells Good.

SOLD EVERYWHERE—25 AND 50c PER BOTTLE. NO REFUSE, NO PAY.
See how it contains two and one half times as much as 50c bottle.

HERB MEDICINE CO. SPRINGFIELD, O.

J. W. JONES, AGT.
Jeweler,
WATCHES, CLOCKS,
PLATED AND SOLID
Silverware

Main Street - MT. STERLING, KY.

LINCOLN TEA
TRADE MARK

BEST IN THE WORLD!

Without a rival for keeping the system in a healthy condition. Cures Constipation, stimulates the Liver and Kidneys. It has no equal as a Complexion Beautifier. Cures Headache and is unequalled for Dyspepsia.

A highly illustrated eighty-page Lincoln Story Book given to every purchaser of a package of Lincoln Tea. Price 10c. Ask your druggist, or Lincoln Tea Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.

FOR SALE BY THOS. KENNEDY.

OIL BURNER
TAKES THE PLACE OF DANGEROUS GASOLINE. DOES IN ANY STOVE. NO SMOKE, DIRT OR ODOOR. CHEAPER THAN WOOD OR COAL. **WARRANTY AGENTS ON Salaried Commission.** Send for Catalogue of Prices and Terms. **NATIONAL OIL BURNER CO.** 692 CEDAR AVE. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

The ladies of Bardstov have undertaken to erect a monument to the Confederate dead in the cemetery at that place.

Karl's Clover Root Tea
Is a sure cure for Headache and nervous diseases. Nothing relieves so quickly. For sale by Thos. Kennedy.

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

(KENTUCKY CENTRAL DIV.)

Schedule in effect Jan. 28, 1894.

South-Board.	No. 1 Daily Express	No. 5 Daily Fast Line	No. 11 Daily Ex. Serv.
Lvs Cincinnati	11:15 a.m.	7:45 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Lvs Lexington	9:15 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	11:00 a.m.
Lvs Louisville	8:45 a.m.	5:15 p.m.	10:30 a.m.
Lvs Nashville	11:15 a.m.	7:45 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Arr Lexington	10:15 a.m.	6:45 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Arr Louisville	9:45 a.m.	6:15 p.m.	10:30 a.m.
Arr Cincinnati	11:15 a.m.	7:45 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Lvs Louisville	12:15 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
Lvs Lexington	10:15 a.m.	6:45 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Lvs Cincinnati	11:15 a.m.	7:45 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Lvs Louisville	9:15 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	11:00 a.m.
Lvs Nashville	11:15 a.m.	7:45 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Arr Lexington	10:15 a.m.	6:45 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Arr Louisville	9:45 a.m.	6:15 p.m.	10:30 a.m.
Arr Cincinnati	11:15 a.m.	7:45 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
Arr Knoxville	8:00 a.m.		

MAYSVILLE BRANCH.

North-Board.	No. 2 Daily Ex. Serv.	No. 12 Daily Ex. Serv.
Lvs Cincinnati	1:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Lvs Lexington	11:00 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
Lvs Louisville	10:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Lvs Nashville	1:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Arr Lexington	12:00 p.m.	12:00 p.m.
Arr Louisville	11:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Arr Cincinnati	1:00 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Lvs Louisville	12:15 p.m.	12:15 p.m.
Lvs Lexington	10:15 a.m.	10:15 a.m.
Lvs Cincinnati	11:15 a.m.	11:15 a.m.
Lvs Louisville	9:15 a.m.	9:15 a.m.
Lvs Nashville	11:15 a.m.	11:15 a.m.
Arr Lexington	10:15 a.m.	10:15 a.m.
Arr Louisville	9:45 a.m.	9:45 a.m.
Arr Cincinnati	11:15 a.m.	11:15 a.m.

V. YANDEN BELG, C. P. ATMORE, Traffic Manager, Mount Pleasant, Ky. General Offices, Louisville, Ky. Agents, Lexington, Ky. Office, Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Cincinnati, O.

C. & O.

Chesapeake and Ohio RAILWAY.

New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Boston, and all Eastern Cities.

Time Card in Effect May 19, '95, From Mt. Sterling.

Arrival and departure of trains a per schedule of May 19, 1895, is as follows:

WEST BOUND. EAST BOUND.
No. 27, 6:25 a. m. No. 26, 9:50 a. m.
No. 21, 9:50 a. m. No. 22, 12:42 p. m.
No. 25, 2:50 p. m. No. 23, 7:20 p. m.
No. 23, 4:55 p. m. No. 24, 9:35 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.
*Daily.

Solid vestibuled trains with dining cars. No bus transfers. Through sleepers from Lexington without change. G. W. BARNEY, Dist. Pass. Agt., Lexington, Ky.

C. R. RYAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, Cincinnati, O.
H. W. FULLER, Gen. Pass. Agent, Washington, D. C.
For full information and rates to all points East and West apply to T. A. Carrigan, S. E. F., Huntington, W. Va.

Lexington & Eastern Railroad Company.

TIME CARD

IN EFFECT APRIL 14th, 1895.

GOING EAST.	No. 4 Daily	No. 6 Daily	No. 8 Daily
Lvs Lexington	2:30 p.m.	8:00 a.m.	6:30 a.m.
Lvs Ashland	3:00 p.m.	8:30 a.m.	7:00 a.m.
Lvs Winchester	3:30 p.m.	9:00 a.m.	7:30 a.m.
Lvs Fayette	4:00 p.m.	9:30 a.m.	8:00 a.m.
Lvs Indian Fields	4:30 p.m.	10:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Lvs Clinton	5:00 p.m.	10:30 a.m.	9:00 a.m.
Lvs Philomont	5:30 p.m.	11:00 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Lvs Union Bridge	6:00 p.m.	11:30 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
Lvs Natural Bridge	6:30 p.m.	12:00 p.m.	10:30 a.m.
Lvs Current	7:00 p.m.	12:30 p.m.	11:00 a.m.
Lvs Nashville	7:30 p.m.	1:00 p.m.	11:30 a.m.
Lvs Ashland	8:00 p.m.	1:30 p.m.	12:00 p.m.
Lvs Lexington	8:30 p.m.	2:00 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
Lvs Ashland	9:00 p.m.	2:30 p.m.	1:00 p.m.
Lvs Lexington	9:30 p.m.	3:00 p.m.	1:30 p.m.

GOING WEST.	No. 1 Daily	No. 3 Daily	No. 5 Daily
Lvs Lexington	5:00 a.m.	3:45 p.m.	6:00 a.m.
Lvs Ashland	5:30 a.m.	4:15 p.m.	6:30 a.m.
Lvs Winchester	6:00 a.m.	4:45 p.m.	7:00 a.m.
Lvs Fayette	6:30 a.m.	5:15 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Lvs Indian Fields	7:00 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	8:00 a.m.
Lvs Clinton	7:30 a.m.	6:15 p.m.	8:30 a.m.
Lvs Philomont	8:00 a.m.	6:45 p.m.	9:00 a.m.
Lvs Union Bridge	8:30 a.m.	7:15 p.m.	9:30 a.m.
Lvs Natural Bridge	9:00 a.m.	7:45 p.m.	10:00 a.m.
Lvs Current	9:30 a.m.	8:15 p.m.	10:30 a.m.
Lvs Nashville	10:00 a.m.	8:45 p.m.	11:00 a.m.
Lvs Ashland	10:30 a.m.	9:15 p.m.	11:30 a.m.
Lvs Lexington	11:00 a.m.	9:45 p.m.	12:00 p.m.

No. 1 will arrive at L. & N. depot and make connection with S. A. M. train for Frankfort and Louisville and points on L. & N. No. 3 and 5 arrive and depart from C. & O. depot, Lexington, and 5 a.m. from 1st & 2nd depot at Netzer and.

Bargains for the Spring of 1895 Now Open and Ready for The Lucky Purchasers!

Our New Stock Ranks First in Quality and Assortment!

IN no previous season have we been able to collect a stock so well adapted to the wants of this community as we now offer in our

MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING! SHOES, HATS AND FURNISHING GOODS.

A FAIR examination turns the tide of trade to our store and the savings into your pocket.

\$5.00 Will buy a good Black Cheviot Suit from us: sizes 34 to 42; color guaranteed.	\$6.00 Will buy an All-Wool Suit: 20 Styles to select from.	\$7.50 Will buy an All-Wool Dressy Suit in sack or frock: 20 styles to select from.	\$10.00 Will buy a fine Worsted Serge, Fancy Cheviot or Cassimere Suit: 30 styles to select from.
--	---	---	---

Just received fine assortment of WASHABLE VESTS, WHITE LINEN PANTS and DOUBLE-BREADED BLUE SERGE COATS---the correct things for summer wear. Boys' Stanley Combination Suits, consisting of Coat, Two Pair Pants and Cap to match are popular things for boys' wear. We have them and they're cheap too.

We are headquarters for Star and Mothers' Friend Shirt Waist. If you want a genuine JOHN B. STETSON HAT, come to us for it.

L.B. RINGOLD.

\$25.00

GIVEN AWAY

We have had made a number of Keys to distribute to our patrons. TWO of which will unlock the safe now on exhibition at our store. We have placed in this safe Twenty-Five Silver Dollars, and on and after JULY 4th, 1895, each holder of one or more of these Keys will be permitted to try to unlock the safe. The FIRST person whose Key unlocks the safe will be given **\$15.00**---the SECOND \$10.00---absolutely free. HOW TO GET A KEY---Every CASH purchase to the amount of \$-1 or over, will be given a Key gratuitously.

\$25.00

GIVEN AWAY!

All-Wool Suit \$6.00

ADOCATE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Tuesday, June 18, 1895.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Railroad Commissioner.
We are authorized to announce John C. Wool as a candidate for Railroad Commissioner, for the Eastern District of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Republican party.

For Representative.

We are authorized to announce Mr. W. F. Horton as a candidate to represent the counties of Montgomery and Menefee in the Lower House of the General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.
I am candidate for nomination for Superintendent of Public Instruction, subject to the action of the Democratic Convention.
C. W. FOWLER.

The Precinct Convention.

At the precinct conventions on Saturday, delegates were elected to the County Convention that met yesterday.

The following precincts sent delegates instructed for Major C. W. Fowler for Superintendent of Public Instruction, and favorable to Gen. Hardin for Governor:

First Ward	3 votes
Second Ward	3 "
Third Ward	1 "
Fourth Ward	2 "

COUNTY.

Aaron's Run	3 votes
Grassy Lick	3 "
Spencer	1 "
Howard's Mill	3 "
Hart's	2 "
Camargo	3 "

Total 23 votes

The following precincts instructed for Mr. Clay and Major C. W. Fowler:

COUNTY.

Jeffersonville	3 "
Levee	2 "
Bean's	1 "

Total 6 votes

This, of course, gave the vote of the county to Major Fowler, handicapped by instructions for no one else.

The convention to nominate a Democratic candidate for the Legislature District composed of Montgomery and Menefee counties, meets at the Court House in Mt. Sterling to-day.

Some of the Clay men are awful dry. They think the refreshing drink was passed to the Hardin folks, and that was what was the matter with the A.

County Convention.

The meeting of the delegates selected by the County Precinct Conventions held on Saturday, June 15, 1895, to select delegates to attend the State Convention to be held at Louisville June 25, was called to order at 2 o'clock p. m. yesterday by County Chairman, H. R. French. W. A. De Haven was elected Chairman and J. D. Tipton Secretary. All the precincts were represented.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we commend to the representatives of the party, who will assemble in Louisville on June 25th, our fellow-citizen, Major C. W. Fowler, as an eminently fit candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction. We heartily endorse him as a gentleman of high character and intelligence, and thoroughly qualified by talent and experience to discharge the duties of that important office; sober, industrious, zealous and conscientious, he is worthy of the support which should be accorded by his party to a faithful Democrat and a capable and honest man.

Resolved, That Judge H. R. French, W. F. Horton, A. R. Ratliff, R. C. Gatewood, W. S. Lord, L. C. Riddell, Albert Bourne, A. J. Owings, I. Davis, Sewell, J. L. White, C. D. Grubbs, N. H. Trimble, R. R. Ratliff, J. G. Trimble, R. M. Burbridge, A. A. Hazell, E. L. Bramlett, G. E. Coleman, F. E. Fogg, John A. Judy, W. B. White, John Gibbons, Thomas Whit, W. B. O'Connell, F. C. Laughlin, C. F. Rogers, Turner, J. W. Shurt, Ed Sled, Allen Baum, H. L. Jones, J. C. Denton, Ben R. Turner, James Stockdale, S. S. Priest, B. P. Jeffries, W. R. Dean, J. C. Richardson, R. C. Lloyd, Rufus Hadden, J. H. Oldham, Ed Prewitt, C. C. Turner, Cliff Prewitt, J. M. O. Cockrell, Marion Hadden, L. B. Green, J. L. Hudson, John Feehan, M. A. Scott, James P. King, Lewis Apperson, J. R. Shurt, John Bonjoy, E. C. Owings, H. C. Greys, Wm. Thompson, M. S. Fryer, Ed Horton, C. T. Wilson, Charles Oldham, J. W. Clay, J. P. King, James R. Wilson, Squire Turner, W. A. Sutton, John W. Wilson, Josiah Cook, Robert Marshall, Allen McCormick, C. H. Peary, J. W. Richardson, Eph. May, J. W. Phillips, Reuben May, John W. Cockrell, R. M. Smith, D. T. Apperson, Sam J. Rogers, George E. Green, A. F. Wyatt, J. M. Loie, Dan H. Egan, L. T. Chiles, T. D. Jones, J. G. Roberts, J. C. Scott, James Bush, J. J. Hackett, Chas. B. Duerson, Jesse Hauline, C. W. Harris, J. W. Heden, M. C. Clay, Horace Lane, Wm. Sled, J. W. Groves, H. C. McKee, H. Jones, Jr., George Roberts, George Gatos, John Peggs, J. F. Trumbo, F. E. Dean, E. E. Keith, J. B. Phillips, John Caywood, Frank Wilson, W. P. Dickey, J. Keller Johnson, J. H. Henry, A. S. Faulkner, W. T. Havens, John G. Wim, W. T. Stokely, D. L. Prover, W. A. De

Haven, J. R. Turner, W. R. Nunneley, Jo M. Conroy, George W. Baird, A. S. Johnson, Henri C. Turner, be and they are hereby appointed delegates to attend said State Convention, and they are hereby instructed to cast the vote of this county for Major C. W. Fowler as a candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction before said Convention so long as his name may be before said body, and to use all honorable means to secure his nomination, and upon all other questions pending before said Convention and for all other candidates before said Convention they are instructed to cast the vote of this county as a majority of those present in person at said Convention may direct.

W. A. DeHAVEN, Chm'n.
J. D. TIPTON, Sec'y.

NOTE--The meeting by a vote of 26 to 3 determined not to consider the financial question.

The precinct conventions in this county on last Saturday to select delegates to the county convention which met at the Court House Monday, were orderly. Democrats met and acted according to majorities without any squabbling. The instructions were for Major C. W. Fowler and there they rested, except in three precincts, where they added the name of Cassius M. Clay, Jr., for Governor. The vote standing in the county against any instructions except Major Fowler, 23 to 6.

The meetings were harmonious. Everybody satisfied and ready to support the nominees whomsoever they may be. They were old-time Democratic meetings, and were a forecast of the harmony that will prevail next November.

Another Shooting.

Last night Jo Martin, a bad young man, was drunk in Ed Bramlett's saloon on South Haystack street, and becoming angry at Newton Ratliff, struck him over the head with a heavy cane, laying open his scalp. Chief of Police, C. T. Wilson, had been called into the saloon by the proprietor to quiet some parties in it, and started to arrest Martin who ran for some distance up the railroad toward his home. While resisting arrest Wilson shot him in the leg inflicting a flesh wound. These are all the particulars we are able to gather.

The Union Sunday School Convention of Montgomery county, meets in the Christian church, this city, Friday, June 28. Please take notice of date since the impression is out that it will be on the 20.

Strayed or Stolen.

Monday, Court day, a brindle cow, Fresh, with large udder and long horns. Liberal reward. Address this office.

A SPECIAL TERM.

Judge Cooper Orders a Special Term of Court
For June 28, to Try Johnson and Whitaker.

Judge Cooper has called a special term of the Circuit Court to convene June 28, for the purpose of trying Johnson and Henry Whitaker, in jail under charge of wilful murder. Yesterday he made the following orders:

"In appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that John Johnson (of color) and James Whitaker are each now confined in the Montgomery County jail charged with the crime of wilful murder, and which is alleged to have been committed in Montgomery County, since the last term of this court, notice is hereby given, that there will be a special term of the Montgomery Circuit Court commenced on the 28th day of June, 1895, for the purpose of trying and finally disposing of said cases and to hear any motion or enter any order, or render any judgment that may be necessary in either of said cases, and said special term will, continue ten judicial days, if necessary to dispose of said cases.

Given under my hand as the Judge of the Montgomery Circuit Court, this, June 17th, 1895.
J. E. COOPER
Circuit Judge of the 21st Judicial District of Kentucky."

"The Commonwealth of Kentucky, Plaintiff, vs. John Johnson (of color) Defendant, and the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Plaintiff, vs. James, alias Henry Whitaker, Defendant:

"It appearing to the satisfaction of court that an emergency exists and that it is necessary to hold a special term of the Montgomery Circuit Court to try and dispose of the above styled cases, said defendants being confined in the Montgomery County jail charged with the crime of wilful murder, and alleged to have been committed in Montgomery County since the last term of the Montgomery Circuit Court.

"It is therefore ordered that a special term of the Montgomery Circuit Court be commenced on the 28th day of June, 1895, and continued for a period of ten judicial days if it is necessary to try and dispose of the said above styled prosecutions, and the Sheriff of Montgomery County is ordered and directed to summon thirty (30) sensible, sober, discreet citizens and householders of the County of Montgomery as petit jurors, and twenty (20) sober, sensible, discreet citizens and householders of Montgomery County as grand jurors for said special term, and each juror to be

a man of fair character, approved integrity, sound judgment and well informed; and said Sheriff is ordered and directed to summon said jurors without regard to race, color or previous condition of servitude.

"The Clerk of the Montgomery Circuit Court is ordered to file their order and enter it on the minute book of the orders of the Montgomery Circuit Court, and preserve the same in his office.

"Given under my hand, this, 17th day of June, 1895.

J. E. COOPER,
Circuit Judge.

Excursion to Old Point Comfort Va.

On Tuesday, July 20th, the Chesapeake and Ohio Ry. will run a special train of Pullman palace sleeping cars and day coaches from Lexington Ky. to Old Point Comfort, leaving at 4:30 p. m. and arriving at Old Point Comfort early next afternoon, in time for a refreshing plunge in the surf before supper.

Round trip tickets will be sold at \$13, good to return until August 17. Stopovers will be granted at any station on return trip.

Special low rates will be made at the Hygeia Hotel and also to New York, Washington, Virginia Beach and other surrounding resorts.

A trip to Old Point Comfort affords a greater variety of recreation and enjoyment than any other resort known.

Write a postal for a description circular giving full information. Special rates from all bluegrass towns.

Geo. W. BARNES,
District Passenger Agent,
Lexington, Ky.

Taxpayers, Take Notice.

Your State and County taxes are due. My books are ready and all owing taxes will please come forward promptly and pay same, in order to escape the penalties for delay provided by law. For one of my deputies will be found at all times in my office in the Court House at Mt. Sterling, and I will visit each precinct at stated intervals--see bills--as prescribed by law, to receive taxes.

WM. SLEDGE,
Sheriff Montgomery County.

Denton property for rent; possession given at once.
45-4f T. G. DENTON.

Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of John Dinsley, Sr., deceased, are hereby notified to present same to my property at once.

Geo. W. BAIRD,
Administrator.

For Sale or Trade.

A first-class buggy mare, perfectly safe. Apply to R. A. Michell. 46-2t

BOOTS

Horse Boots, the very best makes, toe-weights, bandages, fine bits and spurs. Call and see my water-proof dusters, something entirely new; and don't overlook my stock of fine handmade saddles and harness. All work warranted first class.

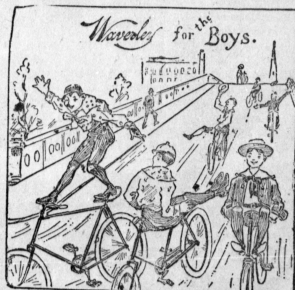
CHAS. REIS,

The Saddler.

South Mayville Street, near Depot. 44-4f

Pure Plymouth Rock.

Fig's, 75 cents for a setting of fifteen.
33-16t J. T. HENRY,
Bethel, Ky.



WE HAVE THE FINEST LINE OF BOYS' AND GIRLS' WHEELS ON THE MARKET. THEY ARE CHEAP, TOO, AND YOU CANNOT MAKE A BETTER INVESTMENT FOR THE YOUNG FOLKS. IT DEVELOPS BRAIN AND STIMULATES THE BRAIN.

CHILES-THOMPSON GROCERY CO.

PERSONAL MENTION.

C. T. DeGarmo spent Sunday in Lexington.

Roger Potts, of Moorefield, was in the city yesterday.

Miss Virginia Chenault is visiting relatives in Richmond.

Miss Cad Cassell, of Newport, is the guest of Miss Nancy O'Hear.

A. Broadhurst, of the Winchester Sun, was in the city Sunday.

Miss Mune Blount is at home from Georgetown Female College.

George E. Coleman was in Owingsville last Thursday on business.

Mrs. E. J. Domigan, who has been quite sick, is very much improved.

Robt. T. Benton is at home from Central University, Richmond, Ky.

John Stoffer, having graduated at Centre College, Danville, is now at home.

Tom and Jesse Spencer, of Winchester, were in the city Saturday and Sunday.

R. J. Whitlock, of Des Moines, Iowa, was the guest of J. D. Wilson and family Sunday.

Miss Margie Gibson has returned from a very pleasant visit to friends in Winchester.

Clarence Ogg and Harry Enoch have returned from a few days outing on Licking river.

J. D. Noel and wife, who have been visiting in Carrollton for the past few weeks, have returned home.

Ed. Heaton left for Johnson County, Mo., on a business trip to-day and will be absent about two weeks.

Mrs. Jennie Dunkerley, of St. Louis, Mo., is visiting the family of George Garrison, near town.

Rev. Everett Gill will preach from now on at the Baptist Church every Sunday morning and evening.

Mr. M. F. Garrison, of Ashland, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Garrison, near this city, Saturday.

Judge Alex Conner, one of Owingsville's brightest and most popular attorneys, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Sallie Gaffield and daughter, Miss Grace, of Paint Lick, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Floyd Dawson.

Stanley and Charley Arnold, Clay Miller and Lindsey Vansard took a spin over to Paris Sunday on their bikes.

Mrs. J. H. Richart and Miss Lee Barnes, of Owingsville, visited friends and relatives in the city a few days the past week.

George Baird and wife left yesterday for Blue Lick Springs. Mr. Baird will be back and forth to look after the interests in his hands.

Mrs. John Carmichael, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Moore, in Bath county, for a couple of weeks, has returned home.

Major G. M. Hampton, of Moorefield, who was visiting in Paris and Lexington last week, came up to this county and visited relatives until Monday.

W. T. Moore and wife and Misses Annie Laura and Elizabeth Drake, L. C. Brown and Master Norman Brown are spending this week in Powell county.

Thos. Clarke, who left here three years ago to embark in business in Alabama, returned home last week, delighting his many friends. He will be here several weeks.

Miss Emma Wilkerson returned on Wednesday from a very pleasant visit to Elkin, Clark county. Her cousin, Miss Ellen Eubank, of Elkin, came back with her to spend a few days here.

Clarence Nugent is at home from the Kentucky Wesleyan College, Winchester, with the honor of having two of the finest papers presented during the examination. It will require two years more for him to finish at this school.

Perry Jefferson and wife, of Millersburg, stopped over Thursday with A. W. Sutton. They were on their way to Swango Springs, where Mrs. Jefferson, who is in poor health, goes to get the benefit of the water and the mountain air.

Ben B. Bigstaff, who is doing work in Menefee county building up Sunday Schools and helping in other ways to spread God's truth, was



Mrs. Mattie Gupion, Dukedon, Tenn.

Gave New Life

Sick Headache and Neuralgia Cured by Hood's

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has done me a great deal of good. I have been a sufferer from sick headache and neuralgia nearly all my life. The pains had become so intense that my hands would cramp for hours so that I could not use them. The doctor told my husband there was little help for me. The different medicines tried had greatly disordered me. Since using two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I have realized relief, so much so that I feel like a new person. Our little boy has been troubled with his throat but since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, soreness and hoarseness have gone and he is better in health. Mrs. MARRIE GUPION, Dukedon, Tennessee. Get Hood's."

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures person. Our little boy has been troubled with his throat but since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, soreness and hoarseness have gone and he is better in health. Mrs. MARRIE GUPION, Dukedon, Tennessee. Get Hood's."

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with everyone who tries them. 25c per box.

in the city Saturday. Mr. Bigstaff is one of the most conscientious and devoted Sunday School workers in the State.

John S. Talbott, of Bourbon county, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Judge W. H. Bell, of Frankfort, is here the guest of Mr. M. S. Tyler's family.

Miss Georgia Adamson, of Carlisle, visited the Misses Stephens at their home on Harrison Avenue last Thursday.

Died, on the 7th day of June, 1895, Barbara Ann Reid, in her 75th year. She was the daughter of Joseph and Sibel Reid, respected citizens of our county, and she lived with her parents on the waters of Licking until their deaths, after which she moved to Harrison county, Ky., and made her home with her brother, Joseph Reid. She leaves two brothers, William Turner Reid, of this county, and Joseph Reid, of Harrison county, Ky. A year or two since Mrs. Mary D. Reid went to visit her in the Eagle Hills of Harrison county, where she lived. She found her the same cheerful, bright companion she had known in other days. Mother Reid looked back to that visit to the good woman with a keen pleasure that marks it one of the green spots in her later days. The deceased was a good woman, gentle in disposition, quiet and retiring in her manner, moving along in the even course of her life, exhibiting by her daily walk and conversation all the virtues of a conscientious Christian woman. She had many friends, but no enemies. The rivalries of life found no place in her heart, and she threw over the faults of others the mantle of Christian charity. She became a member of the old Baptist church at Licking, at 14 years of age, and lived a consistent member of the same until her death, dying in the full triumph of faith. She knew in whom she had believed, and that there was reserved for her a better and brighter home than this. Passed to her ashes. J. D. R.

Everywhere We Go.

We find one who has been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and people on all hands are praising this great medicine for what it has done for them and their friends. Taken in time Hood's Sarsaparilla prevents serious illness by keeping the blood pure and all the organs in a healthy condition. It is the great blood purifier.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c per box.

The Mt. Sterling Mandolin and Guitar Club gave a minstrel and musical performance at Opera House last Friday night, which was attended by a large audience. The show was a good one, and a brilliant success. They repeated the performance last evening at the request of many of our people, and was largely attended. They will appear before the footlights on Monday one night this week, and we assure the people of that town that they will get value received for their money by going to see this aggregation of monarchs of the minstrel world. "NIT."

INSECTICIDES.

Pure Paris Green,
Pure Persian Insect Powder,
Powd. Hellebore,
at BOTTOM
PRICES,
at

KENNEDY'S Drug Store,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

HORSE AND TRACK.

Robert J. Stepped a mile in 2:07 1/2 last week.

Oriole, dam of Foll, 2:15 1/2, has a fly at side by Recorder.

Heir-at-Law will be in Ed Geers' stable again this season.

About 125 horses are in training over the track at Columbus, O.

Belle Vara, 2:08 1/2, is pacing fast and may take a low record at that gait.

Fantasy and Directum are expected to meet at Red Oak, Ia., and Minneapolis this month.

Nellie Mason, 2:14, by Onward has been taken out of a broodmare ran and will be prepared for a fall campaign.

A Chicago horseman who was in Buffalo recently, made an offer of \$7,000 for Roenta Soap, by Patchen Wilcox.

Colridge 2:09 1/2, is the son of C. F. Clay, that could have paced close to 2:00 early last season before an accident happened him, is going without aches this year, and is doing all that is asked of him.

Senator J. C. S. Blackburn and Senator Wm. M. Stewart, of Nevada, both made speeches in the Court House yesterday to large audiences.

Senator Blackburn opened and Senator Stewart followed. These two distinguished apostles of free silver made fine speeches from their standpoint of the question. They are both honest, earnest men who are advocating what they believe is a policy best suited to the best interests of the country.

Very many who did not agree with the two distinguished orators on the money question, listened to them with marked interest.

Wednesday was a record breaker for the Louisville Tobacco breaks. The highest prices reached during the season were realized for two hogsheads of the Woodford county leaf, viz \$26 per hogshead. An average for 125 hogsheads of that days' reach \$16.50 hundred.

S. Allen, administrator of James H. Well, deceased, sold at the Court House Monday 16 shares of stock in the Exchange Bank of Kentucky, to Ed. Pigg at \$85 per share.

Rev. Z. W. Pigg, of Indian Fields, preached to the congregation at Howard's Mill on last Sunday afternoon.

Ed. Pigg is an earnest speaker and his discourse was well received.

Thos. Trimble, of Camargo, was here Thursday.

In some sections corn has been planted three times.

Miss Mattie Southerland's select school closed Monday evening.

J. B. Pondletre and wife visited relatives at Camargo last week.

Miss Lula Ragland visited relatives at Seolville Thursday and Friday.

El and Harvey Prewitt, of Mt. Sterling, were here several days last week gathering blackgrass seed on W. D. Thompson's place.

The wheat crop looks fine, but upon examination we found that it has a good deal of rust on it. Some wheat will be cut the last of this week.

On last Saturday afternoon the voters of this precinct held a convention at Wade's and instructed delegates to vote for Gen. P. Watt Hardin at the county convention.

For Rent.

New Farmers Bank residence, with all necessary outbuildings. Apply to A. L. Mitchell.

46 21

\$30,000

To Loan

at

6 PER CENT

For

Five

Years.

HOFFMAN,

AGENT.



CALL FOR ONE AND TAKE IT ON TRIAL.

Stoneware, Filters, Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Peerless and Gem Ice Cream Freezers, Which are considered the best.

The nicest and prettiest line of

HAMMOCKS

Ever brought to this city.

The Jewell Process Gasoline Stoves!

Eleven of these stoves were sold by us last season, and they were considered by all to be the best and gave the best of satisfaction. We have a COAL OIL STOVE with Oven that should be in every house for light cooking.

We would be glad to have you call and see our line of goods and get our prices, even if you do not care to make a purchase at the present.

W. W. REED,

Opera House Building,

Mt. Sterling, - Kentucky.

CHAPPELEAR'S

BRONCHINI

THE GREAT COUGH CURE

LARGE BOTTLES 50 CTS. SMALL SIZE 25 CTS.

For sale by THOS. KENNEDY, Druggist,

EAST MAIN STREET, - MT. STERLING, KY.

Tinware!

Repairing!

Pumps, Etc.

Our stock of Tinware is complete—made from the superior quality of Tin. We sell these goods cheap.

From our stock of PUMPS any one can be supplied. We have all kinds at all prices.

Roofing and Gutting are our specialties. We are prepared for doing this work with skill and experience, and we are to do it at good prices and any inducements.

William Bros.,

EAST MAIN STREET.

The alarm of fire yesterday about 2 p.m. was occasioned by the burning of an old frame dwelling corner of Locust street and Richmond avenue.

The building was occupied by a family named Ross and belonged to Judge B. J. Peters. Being Court-day, a large crowd went out to witness the fire.

Mr. B. B. Whalley, of Sharpburg, has accepted a position as salesman with E. L. Mitchell, Mr. Whalley is an active and popular business man, and will be a valuable man for Mr. Mitchell.

ALL GOODS AND WORK GUARANTEED.
VICTOR BOGAERT.
MANUFACTURING JEWELER.
Dealer in Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry. Reliable goods, fair dealing, at the lowest prices. 17 East Short Street, LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY.

Seek the Cool Resorts of Michigan

Elegant touring Wagner Sleeping cars run daily between Cincinnati and Bay View, Michigan, via Big Four

and C. & W. M. Railway. The district route to Old St. Joe Grand Rapids Traverse City, Elk Rapids, Charlevoix, Petoskey and Bay View.

This is the only line by which passengers to the Traverse Region are landed at Traverse City without change of cars. For full information as to time of trains, etc., write any representative Big Four Route.

D. B. MARTIN,
Gen'l Pass. & Tkt. Agt.
E. O. MCCORMICK,
Pass. Traffic Agent.

Notice

All persons holding claims against the firm of John Lindsay & Son are hereby notified to file them with me at once, and all persons indebted to said firm are notified to call and settle at once.

GEORGE W. BAIRD.

THE ADVOCATE.

HORSE AND TRACK.

Costman 2:08½ will be raced this year.

Edgemark 2:16 is now in Marvin's stable, Meadville, Pa.

An offer of \$5,000 in cash was refused for Sirathberry 2:04½, last week.

Over one thousand horses are entered in the \$76,000 worth of stakes at Galesburg.

James Dustin will ship Directum to Red Oak, Iowa, late in June with the expectation of starting him in the free-for-all.

Strong Boy by Allandorf lowered his record from 2:12 and the half mile track record of Indiana from 2:14 to 2:11½ last week.

Two noted sires died last week. Kentucky Prince owned at Story Ford, and King Wilkes, owned at Woodburn Farm.

One of the largest and heaviest horses ever trained at Fleetwood Park is the pacing gelding Mick Erwin in John P. Gibbs' stable. He stands 16½ hands high and weighs 1,200 pounds. Gibbs worked him three heats last week in 2:26, 2:23 and 2:22½, the last half of the third heat in 1:08.

Mascot is seldom mentioned in the races which Robert J. John R. Gentry, Joe Patchen and Hal Dillard are expected to meet, but it is just possible that the little gelding that took Flying Jib by the neck at Detroit two years ago, may be a factor in the promised contests. That Andrews has him in form again can be judged from the fact that last week he reeled off three heats at Philadelphia in 5:12½, 2:08½ and 2:04½.

The Wichita Correspondent of the Kansas City Times says the latest racing sensation in that State is the green pacer Tracey by Kaukasus. This fellow paced a workout mile last year in 2:17, but was saved for his five-year-old form. He paced a quarter last week with his head pulled way round to one side in 31 seconds, and the last eighth in 14½. There are some pretty good green pacers at the mile track and two or three of them can speed better than a 2:10 gait, but they don't any of them like to work with this fellow.

Mr. E. de Cerna, of New York, now in Lexington, purchased on Monday from D. T. Bullington, Florence, Ky., the bay stallion Oscar William, 2:18½, five years old, by Simmons, out of Lottie Thoru, 2:23½, by Mambrino Patchen; second dam Lady Ayer (dam of Turner, 2:28½, etc.), by Redmond's Abdallah, who is a son of Alexander's Abdallah. The price is private, but is known to be a large one. Oscar William is a splendid animal individually and a first-class race horse. That his record is not his best speed is demonstrated by the fact that a few days ago he trotted a half for Gus Macey in 1:03, last quarter in 30 seconds. Mr. de Cerna will leave him in the hands of Mr. Macey to campaign this year.—Stock Farm.

What It Is.

"The bloomer dress," says a Western humorist, "is a pair of trousers very buggy at the knees, abnormally full at the pistol pockets and considerably full where you strike a match. The garment is out decollete at the south end, and the buttons tied around the ankles or knees to keep the nice out. You can't put it over your head like you do your shirt, nor around you like a corset, but you must sit on the floor and pull it on just as you do your stockings, one foot at a time in each compartment. You can easily tell the right side to have in front by the buttons on the neck band."

The Maine Farmer says: We are obliged to state that the apple blight this spring is not especially serious of a general crop of this important fruit. Many trees are barren of blossoms, on others they are scattering, while those with full bloom seem to be in the minority. Besides, the blight developed unevenly, and the other has been quite changeable cold. To what extent injury will result from this apparently unfavorable outlook, of course no one can tell. But usually, beautiful crops do not come out of unfavorable conditions. The Lake counties of New York report full bloom.

At Pittsburgh, Ky., the coal miners refused to arbitrate with the operators and demanded 70 cents, which was refused.

WAGES

The World Over—Enormous Variations

From State to State and County to County.

It is popularly supposed that the immutable law of supply and demand operating throughout a country makes the wages for the same labor uniform in every part of it, as a dearth of labor in any one place can not be of long duration while men are employed elsewhere. A recent supplementary bulletin of the manufacturers of the United States, however, shows this general view to be false.

In Colorado the average yearly earnings of an employee of a manufacturing company was \$720; in Montana, \$712; in Nevada, \$718, and in Wyoming \$761. In the States where colored labor is abundant the total average earnings are much less. In Alabama the average is \$376; in Mississippi, \$310; in North Carolina, \$216; in Georgia, \$307, and in South Carolina, \$297. In New York the average is \$650; in Pennsylvania, \$492; in Ohio, \$479, and in Massachusetts, \$494. When it is considered to what extent the female and child labor enters in the factory operations in New York the figures are surprisingly high. The total wages paid in New York manufacturing enterprises amount in ordinary years to \$500,600,000.

England stands at the head in Europe as the best market for labor. Scotland and France are a little behind her. Then there is a heavy drop until Austria, the Netherlands, and Belgium are reached; the scale goes still lower in Germany, where the rate is the same as in Ireland, Spain, Sweden, Russia and Italy follow here in the order given. According to the table of Bodio, an Italian authority, glassblowers are the best mechanics in Italy, and papermakers the poorest. The rate of wages in Italy low as it is now, was still lower twenty-five years ago. In England the increase in the rate of wages has been about twenty per cent. in twenty-five years. A French bricklayer now gets fifty per cent. more wages than were paid for his services in France forty years ago.—N. Y. Sun.

Wouldn't Go Higher.

One summer, a few years after the war, a gentleman was traveling in the South, and he got to talking with a farmer in some little town who was employing a considerable number of men at his haying. The farmer told him that most of them were old Confederate soldiers.

"You see over there where those four men are working?" asked he. "Well, all of 'em fought in the war. One of 'em was a private, one was a major, and that man way over in the corner was a colonel."

"Are they good men?" asked the gentleman.

"Well," said the farmer, "that private's a first-class man, and the corporal's a pretty good man, too."

"But how about the major and the colonel?"

"The major's so-so," said the farmer.

"But the colonel?"

"Well, I don't want to say anything against any man who was a colonel in the war," said the farmer, "but I've made up my mind I won't hire any brigadier generals."

A Gusher.

Anderson, June 13.—The largest gas well in the history of the Indiana field was struck by W. E. Decker & Sons, near Mathews. It has an output of fourteen million cubic feet per day. The average well is six to eight million.

Agricultural Notes.

The Indiana Farmer says: We set out a small bed of strawberries in the midst of the drowth last fall and kept them well watered as an experiment. They were full bloom this spring and promised more fruit than many of the older and stronger plants that were not thus treated.

The scales which fly off from iron being worked at forges, from trimmings, filings and other ferruginous material, if worked into the soil about fruit-trees, or the more minute particles spread thinly on the lawn, mixed with the earth or flowerbeds, or in pots, are most valuable.

FRUIT PRESERVED IN BORAX.

Experiments That Have Given Surprising Results.

Frank M. Smith, the borax king, believes that he has solved the problem of preserving fruit so that it can be put on the Eastern markets in a satisfactory condition. For some time he has been experimenting with borax and finds the ingredients of that salt adapted for preserving vegetable decomposition, says the San Francisco Examiner.

The discovery is the result of a suggestion made to Mr. Smith one day while lunching with a friend. The gentlemen were discussing the success that had attended the experiment of boraxing fresh meat, when Mr. Smith was asked why he had never tried preserving fruit in the same way. He said he had never occurred to him, but that afternoon he gave the subject so much thought that as soon as he returned to his home in East Oakland he packed several pounds of cherries in a box of powdered borax. The box was placed in the cellar, and alongside of it he put a large glass dish filled with the same kind of fruit. Then he awaited developments.

The next day he visited the cellar and found that the cherries in the dish were beginning to turn. In three days they were so decomposed that it was necessary to throw them away. In order to make a good test he determined not to disturb the packed cherries for three weeks. At the termination of that time the box was opened and the fruit was found as fresh and in as good a condition as when first put there.

Mr. Smith was amazed and he was delighted over the result, and determined to experiment on a larger scale. He had a quantity of cherries packed in a barrel of borax and sent to Chicago by slow freight. Last week he received a telegram saying that the fruit had arrived in perfect condition and were bringing surprisingly high prices. Since then a number of barrels of cherries have been packed in borax and are now ready for shipment East.

As fast as the different varieties of fruit ripen experiments will be made by Frank C. Havens at Rose Crest Villa, his place at Vernon Heights, Oakland. The experiments will be made on an extensive scale. As the experiments on the different fruits prove successful barrels of the fruit will be packed and sent to the East and Europe. Whenever an experiment is pronounced successful it will be published for the benefit of the growers and commission men who may wish to preserve their fruits.

A Little Girl's Experience in a Lighthouse.

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Trescott are keepers of the Gov. Lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich., and are blessed with a daughter four years old. Last April she was taken down with Measles, followed with a dreadful Cough and turning into a fever. Doctors at home and at Detroit treated her, but in vain, she grew worse rapidly, until she was a mere "handful of bones."—Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery and after the use of two and a half bottles, was completely cured. They say Dr. King's New Discovery is worth its weight in gold, yet you may get a trial free at W. S. Lloyd's drugstore.

A sulky with but one wheel is the latest contrivance by which it is proposed to help the trotting horse toward the two-minute mark. Two or three inventors are figuring on the single wheel sulky, and it is said that several applications for patents have been filed at Washington. The plan is to build a sulky with one large wheel, the driver's saddle being supported by steel attached to the shafts, which bow out on either side from the axle.

THE ADVOCATE,

ISSUED EVERY TUESDAY.

Job Work, Executed In the Best Style

Book Printing a Specialty,

THE BEST WEEKLY POLITICS—
PAPER IN EASTERN STRICTLY DEMOCRATIC
KENTUCKY. IN EVERY PARTICULAR

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY.

TO THE TRADE.

OUR

New stock of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS is now in the house, and is complete in all lines. We have the choicest patterns in abundance in all kinds of Wash Goods, Gingham, Cambrics, Percales, Fine Figured Dimities, Lawns, Zephyrs, and the like. We cannot be surpassed in Fancy Dress Goods and Novelties. We have a large stock selected—assortment of the newest and the best in Colored Dress Goods—and ask your inspection before buying. Fancy Silk Dress Patterns, Waist Silks, Trimming Silks, Velvets, Laces, Jets, Chiffons, etc., are among our new purchases in the most desirable patterns and colors.

OUR

CARPET and MATTING DEPARTMENT on the upper floor is supplied with a new stock. Carpets were never before in their history so cheap as now. If you are in need of a Carpet of any description we can supply you at as low a price as anybody else, and we have the stock from which you can select too.

Grubbs & Hazelrigg.

NOTE: We will not be undersold on any article kept in a dry goods store. We will and do sell the same article as cheap as the cheapest, and guarantee goods to be what we represent them.



COURT DIRECTORY.

CIRCUIT COURT.

JUDGE JOHN E. COOPER, presiding Third Monday in January and the Second Monday in April and Fourth Monday in September.

MONSIEUR QUARTERLY COURT.

JUDGE E. C. OFFER, presiding, Tuesday after Third Monday in January, April, July and October.

COUNTY COURT.

Third Monday of each month.

ST. STERLING CITY COURT—CIVIL JUDGE.

JUDGE BEN H. TYLER, presiding, First Saturday in each month.

PROFESSIONAL.

JOHN N. ELLIOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 14 Court Street, First Floor.

J. M. OLIVER, Attorney-at-Law and Surveyor. All collections and real estate transactions or anything concerning the same, promptly attended to, and abstracts of titles given when desired. Office, Court Street, opposite Court House.

A. A. HAZELRIGG, Attorney-at-Law & Co. Atty., Office, Court House, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

M. S. TYLER, Lewis Appender, TYLER & APPENDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Office, Main Street, next door to Postoffice.

A. B. WHITE, Attorney-at-Law, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Will practice in the counties of Montgomery, Bath, Menard, Powell, Clark and Bourbon, and the Superior and Circuit Courts. Office on Court St. opposite Court House.

W. A. DEHAVEN, Attorney-at-Law, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Will practice in all Courts of the Commonwealth.

DR. D. L. PROCTOR, Dentist, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Office over Mt. Sterling National Bank.

DR. HOWARD VAN ANTWERP, Dentist, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Office one door West of Postoffice, second story.

H. CLAY MOORE, Attorney-at-Law, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Office upstairs, Main Street.

B. F. DAY, Lawyer, Office over Exchange Bank, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Will practice in all the Courts of Kentucky and the Federal Courts.

WOODFORD & CHENAILL, Attorneys-at-Law, Mt. Sterling, Kentucky. Office—Court Street. Will practice in the counties of Montgomery, Bath, Menard, Powell, Clark and Bourbon and the Appellate Court.

H. R. PREWITT, Attorney-at-Law, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Office Corner Court and Broadway. Will practice in all the Courts of the Commonwealth. Special attention given to Collections.

ESTABLISHED 1850. J. C. & R. H. WINN, Attorneys at Law, Office 14 Court St. Mt. Sterling, Ky.

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W. H. GATEWOOD, Auctioneer, Experience and charges reasonable. Address me at Mt. Sterling, Ky.

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CONTRACTORS

I am before my people for their Painting, Paper-hanging, etc., and ask those desiring anything done in my line to see me before placing their work. All orders left at A. SCHLEGEL'S will be promptly attended to.

M. R. HAINLINE.

MISS JENNIE BREEN,

—TRAINER OF—

Piana and Tonic-Sol-Fa.

A LIMITED number of pupils taken during the summer months.



W. F. M. S. Statistic Notes.
The Woman's Missionary Society, after a most successful meeting at London, Ky., in June, 1894, Mrs. S. H. Sawyer presented the claims of London, and found much opposition by friends of Frankfort and Versailles, but she made a vigorous fight and, after which by a rising vote the invitation of London was unanimously accepted. This Society was organized in 1878, since which time there has been received and distributed for missionary work. This same society established the Scarritt Bible and Training School, in Kansas City, Mo., which is doing an untold good in preparing missionaries for their life work. This school is from the fraternal brain of Miss Bennett, the President of the Society, and to this object the society has contributed \$5,173.67. And for the building fund and the endowment fund she has alone raised over \$100,000. And as a manifestation of appreciation the States have decided to endow a chair in this school to be known as the Bennett chair, and this society unanimously adopted by a rising vote a resolution offered by Mrs. G. J. Nugent to contribute \$200 for this purpose. An honor worthily bestowed.

EXPLANATION OF WEATHER SIGNALS.

Jim! What are those flags for,
That you hoist them every day?
Pray tell us their meaning,
In your explanatory way.
The white is for fair weather,
And if any of them alone,
It means stationary temperature
Is in or out of season.
The white and blue means local
Showers in summer you all know,
But if it is winter time,
It is for local rain or snow.
The same may be said for the blue flag,
Except the local strain.
In winter it means rain or snow,
In summer a general rain.
The white flag with a red center
Is for cold wave, coldest of them all,
Seen only in winter or early spring.
Also late in fall,
A warning of a cold wave,
A change of degrees,
Have everything reversed, for surely
Will come a freeze.
The black flag stands for
Temperature you should remember well,
If it hangs above it means
Warmer, if below, for a colder spell.
—JAMES O'CONNELL,
Voluntary Observer,
Weather Bureau,
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Delegates to the Democratic Convention at Louisville can get the best accommodations at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. It is one of the best kept hotels in the State.

Loss of strength and flesh, wasting away from any cause promptly relieved by using that greatest of all food products, Johnson's Tasteless Compound Cod Liver Oil.

It Saves Lives Every Day.
Thousands of cases of Consumption, Asthma, Cough, Colic, Cholera, Cramp are cured every day by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by Thos. Kennedy.

S. P. Carr, of Carr & Dickinson, tobacco factors of Richmond, Va., is in the city soliciting shipments. He is in the market for low priced tobacco. He wants lungs and trash from bright to coldest. Mr. Carr is personally one of the pleasantest men who lives, and his house is one of the most square dealing firms in the South. Our people will make no mistake in cultivating the acquaintance of this reliable house.

Lightning Hot Drops—What a Funny Name!
Very True, but it Kills All Pain. Sold Everywhere. Every Day Without Relief, There is No Pay.

Financiering.
A gentleman went to town circus day and witnessed the street parade. He wanted to go to the show, but his friends and the crowd with this put him to thinking. He was a mau of credit and he reasoned this wise: I will go to my grocer, and buy two packages of Arbuckle's coffee on time and sell it for 50 cents each and then I can go to the circus. He acted up to his resolution and it worked like a charm.

The members of Zerubbabel Lodge No. 199, F. and A. M., at July, spent a most enjoyable meeting on Saturday evening. The good women—the wives and sisters of the members—had prepared for them a bountiful supper, and the way these hungry brethren waded into the feast of good things was a sight that delighted the hearts of the ladies who prepared the viands. It is said that Al Denton, who is short but wide, and Jim Stockdale, who is slim but long, easily carried off all honors as the champion feeders of the Lodge. The evening was rendered more enjoyable by the beautiful music furnished by Messrs. Charlie Dale, Elgin Northcutt and John Jones on violin, mandolin and guitar. The members of the Lodge request us to extend for them thanks to the ladies who put themselves to so much trouble to provide a pleasant evening's entertainment for their membership.

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Concert.
On next Wednesday night, June 19th, at 8:30 o'clock, a Pioneers' concert will be given in the Fier Block, under the auspices of the Ladies' Pioneers' Aid Society of M. E. Church, South. This is an entertainment that is clean, scientific and highly interesting. The programme will include selections from the best bands and orchestras of the country, vocal solos and quartets by eminent musical artists. Also piano, flute, banjo, clarinet, cornet and whistling solos. An interesting and instructive feature will be the recording and reproducing of the voice of some one from the audience. Admission, adults 25c; children under 12 years, 15c. A concert will be given at 3 o'clock in the afternoon for children under 12 years. Admission, 10c.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portions of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional means. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When the tube gets inflamed sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; also cases out of the ear are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Second International Conference of Epworth League
At Chattanooga, Tenn., June 30th, 1895. One fare for the round trip has been authorized by the Southern States Passenger Association. Tickets to be sold June 25, 26 and 27, 1895, limited to continuous passage in both directions and good to return fifteen days from date of sale; an additional limit of fifteen days will be allowed, provided tickets are deposited with the Agent of the Initial Line at Chattanooga on or before June 30th, 1895.

Agents and Representatives of the Southern Railway will take pleasure in furnishing any information relative to this meeting.

W. A. TUCK, General Pass. Agent, Washington, D. C.
C. A. BENTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, Knoxville, Tenn. 47-2t

Rev. Chas. Key, financial agent of the Broken Mosaic Brotherhood, stated Howard's Mill Baptist church, one of its mission stations, on last Sunday and received for district missions \$25. Rev. Key made an excellent talk to the congregation, and this amount was an exceedingly liberal donation.

Miss Laura Haygood, Missionary to China, a sister of Bishop Haygood. Like her distinguished brother, she speaks deliberately and to the point and also like him engages and retains the listeners attention.

Mrs. C. J. Nugent is the Conference Secretary; there are none better, at the close of each session she was up with her members.

Little Misses Ida B. White, Manda Thompson, Ella Stoops, Vernie Thompson, Bessie Robinson and Masters John White Trimble, Prinita O'Rear and Johnson Young acted as officers.

Many of the visitors were entertained at the paragonage.

Five new officers were elected, among them Miss Fannie Hinds, Sec. of Lexington District and Miss Bruce, of Conference Organizer.

Report of Treasurer showed \$3,498.67 contributed during the past year for one Conference Society. There were reported 102 auxiliaries with a membership of 1789.

Kentucky has sent out 7 Missionaries since their organization 16 years ago.

AN INTERVIEW

With Senator William Stewart of Nevada.

Who Spoke Monday on the Monetary Question.

He declares that the money question involved civilization itself. That this gold standard would produce continued falling of prices. He saw the situation of our country was worse than that of ancient nations, when the mines failed. Every nation of ancient times arose when mines were productive and lapsed into barbarism when they were exhausted.

That the demonization of silver and the absorption of the output of gold in the arts was the most abrupt reduction of the money supply which ever happened, and must necessarily terminate this civilization in the near future; that the volume of gold is now so small that a foreign syndicate could regulate international movements. The purchase of a temporary truce last February by Mr. Cleveland by the bond deal, was an admission that the destiny of seventy million people was in the hands of the gold trust.

The bond deal and other deals in contemplation, made it easy for the trust to control the press and all other means of communication to the people. It might be expensive to control the politicians and organs of communication of the people, but the people foot the bill; that the homes of the people of the United States were being wrecked by debts and taxes; that the re-establishment of new homes was prevented by depriving the young and enterprising of opportunities.

Only those with fixed incomes could marry unless they were willing to accept the hard conditions of the lower grades of living. If not servitude. That no favors were granted by any administration, Republican or Democratic to those who would not do the bidding of the Rothschild combination. Success in obtaining offices or favors of any kind at Washington was conclusive evidence of misrepresentation of the best interests of the people. He talked as a nonpartisan, but declared that the fight against Senator Blackburn by the administration and the gold press was prosecuted because he had the courage to stand by his convictions and represent the people.

That the change of attitude on the part of Mr. Carlisle was not occasioned by any light he had secured from Kentucky, but he would not speculate on the influence that made him change from an advocate of the people to gold combination; but he thought it sufficient reason for the people to know that he had changed, and being unable to give a reason denied the fact. He asked the people to strike in time for liberty or it would be too late.

BIG FOUR ROUTE

Best Line to and From Chicago.

Solid vestibuled trains, with Buffet Parlor cars, elegant Coaches, Wagner sleeping cars, and the latest improved private compartment Buffet sleeping cars, magnificently furnished with toilet accessories in each compartment.

ST. LOUIS.
Solid vestibuled trains with Buffet parlor cars, coaches and dining cars, and Wagner Buffet sleeping cars.

BOSTON.
The only through sleeping car line from Cincinnati. Elegant Wagner sleeping cars.

NEW YORK.
The "Southwestern Limited" solid vestibuled trains, with Combination Library, Buffet and Smoking cars, Wagner sleeping cars, elegant coaches and dining cars, landing passengers in New York City at 42d Street Depot. Positively NO FERRY TRANSFER.

Be sure your tickets read "Big Four."
E. O. McCORMICK, D. R. MARTIN, Pass. Traffic Mgrs., Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt., CINCINNATI, O.

A storm passed over the neighborhood of Kiddville Saturday, and Mrs. W. T. Lowry was sitting near a door when it blew open striking her on the finger, taking the end of it off.

CARR & DICKINSON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS OF LEAF TOBACCO.

DAVENPORT WAREHOUSE, Richmond, - - - Virginia.

Handlers of BUREL TOBACCO. Have a contract for 2,500 Hogheads of Bright to Colony. Large advances made on shipments in hand. References, all bankers and business men of Richmond, Va. and all dealers of Kentucky.

June Court Day.
There was about 500 cattle on the market. The quality was not as good as usual, still there was some good cattle. Yes, we can say as good as we ever have. There was some 1500 sheep in the pens. It was a blue Monday for stockmen, as buyers were few and far between. We might say it was a dull day as we have had in twelve months. Cattle were at least 50 cents on the hundred lower than a month ago. The demand for sheep was moderate, a few selling for mutton at 3 cents per pound. We will have to quote lower prices. The highest price of the day was 33 cents for a nice pair of cattle weighing about 850 pounds. The most of the steers were sold at from 24 to 3 cents; roughs sold at 13 to 2 cents. Cows and heifers ranged from 13 to 34 cents, according to quality and condition. Sheep sold slow and a very few changed hands.

The following cattle men had stock at Fitzpatrick's yards: From Morgan county, Salyers & Co., cattle and sheep; Couch & Downing, 27 cattle and 95 sheep; Robert Cecil, cattle and hogs; Jon Perry, cattle. Wolfe county—H. F. Picatti, cattle; I. M. Rose, cattle and sheep; Little & Co., cattle; Mayfield county—L. C. Bayne, cattle; D. B. Wireman, cattle; J. D. Allen, cattle and sheep. Floyd county—Phillips & Allen, cattle and sheep; Sam Hatcher, cattle. Breathitt county—S. S. Taulbee, cattle, Lawrence county—Sparks & Gambrel, cattle and sheep. Martin county—Spalding & Williams, cattle and sheep. There was other stockmen with cattle on the market, but we did not get their names.

SALES.
R. Cecil, of Morgan county, sold T. G. Scott, of Clark county, a lot of heifers weighing about 600 pounds at 24 cents.
Couch & Downing sold J. D. Wilson 4 heifers (fat), two at 3 cts. and two at 34 cts. They weighed about 800 pounds.
Bud Meyers bought four Jersey steers weighing about 600 pounds at 24 cts.
D. Allen sold to J. H. Henry two steers weighing about 1100 pounds at 34 cts.
S. S. Taulbee sold two steers weighing 850 pounds to Andy Judy for 24 cts.
Geo. Carter sold to W. W. Thompson four yearling steers weighing about 800 pounds at \$32.50 per head. The steers extra good.
T. B. Adams, of Lexington, bought of Harris Howard, of Morgan county, two steers weighing 765 pounds, at 34 cts.
J. C. and J. W. Orear bought a yoke of cattle from Harris Howard weighing about 1000 lbs., at 34 cts.
Allen & Trimble sold a lot of cows and heifers to various parties at 13 to 24 cents.
S. S. Trimble sold a lot of heifers to D. C. Sayre, of Lexington, Ky., at from 2 to 24 cents.

There were other sales but we did not get them. The traders who bought in the cattle made no money, but were losing some at the prices today. One man had paid 4 cents for some good straight steers in the mountains and could not get 1st cost offered for them. So our next Court-day will more than likely have but few cattle for sale. We think there was no trading on the street to amount to anything. Weathers that would do to butcher sold at 3 cents, but ewes were no go.

HORSES AND MULES.
There was very few mules or horses on the market, plug horses are still low and will likely remain so; good horses are in demand and are hard to find. Mr. J. W. Rawlins, Wiley B. and J. E. Rumbough, all of Asheville, N. C., were in town. They wanted some nice matched teams and some good road horses and a few saddle horses. They report that good horses the sort they are looking for are scarce. Mr. John T. Hughes, of Lexington, Ky., was also on the market, but none of these gentlemen bought anything as far as we could learn.

While handling a pistol at his father's home, near the Leves on last Tuesday, William, son of A. J. Ware, accidentally shot himself in the left leg, making a painful but not serious wound.

Louisville Tobacco Market.
Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 4,067 hogs, with receipts for the same period 3,993 hogs. Sales on our market since January 1 amount to 94,163 hogs. Sales of the crop of 1894 on our market to this date amount to 94,942 hogs.

Prices for the good to fine grades of burley leaf have been higher this than at any time during the year. Two hogs, sold on our market at \$26 per hundred cash (this being the highest price thus far realized) and numerous hogs, sold at prices ranging from \$18 to \$25. The very common grades of burley except such as have high color have been somewhat irregular and slightly easier in the past few days, while the medium grades remain firm at the advance recently reported. We do not attribute the general improvement in the market to the fact that the crop is later than usual in reaching the grid, but to a general recognition that the crop grown here last year is deficient in good to fine leaf and that the medium grades must be taken by the manufacturers for their standard brands. The advance which has occurred seems legitimate without any regard to crop prospects. If our information which reaches us from the various localities, we would estimate that about 70 per cent. of the intended burley crop has been planted.

The following quotations fairly represent our market for burley tobacco 1894 crop:

Trash. (Dark or damaged tobacco) \$1.50 to \$2.75.
Common colory trash, \$3.00 to \$3.50.
Medium to good colory trash, \$3.75 to \$5.50.
Common lugs, not colory, \$2.50 to \$4.00.
Common colory lugs, \$4.50 to \$5.50.
Medium to good colory lugs, \$5.50 to \$10.00.
Medium to fine leaf, \$10 to \$15.00.
Good to fine leaf, \$15 to \$18.
Select wrappery leaf, \$18 to \$26.00.
—GLOVER & DUBRETT.

Cincinnati Live Stock Market.
Cincinnati, O., June 15.—Receipts—Hogs 1317 head; cattle 77; sheep 2060. Shipments—Hogs, 692 head; cattle, 335; sheep 5062.

HOGS—Market strong yesterday. Prices: Butcher, \$4.05 to \$4.70; packers, \$4.45 to \$4.60; good light, \$4.20 to \$4.40; common and rough, \$4.45 to \$4.55.
CATTLE—Market steady but quiet. Fair to good shippers, \$4.25 to \$5.00; choice \$5.15 to \$5.25; choice butchers, \$4.35 to \$4.75; extra \$5.10; medium butchers, \$3.50 to \$4.25; common, \$2.25 to \$3.25.
SHEEP—Market steady. Extras \$3.50 to \$3.65; good to choice, \$2.50 to \$3.25; common to fair, \$1.50 to \$2.25; thin stuff, 75c to \$1.25.
VEAL CALVES—Market steady. Fair to good light, \$5.00 to \$6.00; extra \$6.25; common and large, 3.25 to 5.00.
LAMBS—Market active. Prime lambs higher. Extras, \$5.75 to \$6.00; good to choice, \$5.00 to \$5.65; common to fair, \$2.50 to \$4.75.

A Negro Cutting Scrape.
Yesterday evening two youths became involved in a difficulty in Smithville, a negro suburb of this city, when Clayton Willis cut a son of Wm. Harris in the breast, inflicting a severe, though not a necessarily fatal wound.

The Home Steam Laundry has moved into its new quarters at the foot of Mayeville street. This is one of the finest equipped laundries in the State, and is turning out excellent work. They have had to increase their capacity on account of increased work.

In Mason county one-fourth of tobacco crop is set out, and the third crop has been planted for the long droth, and farmers are blue over the crop prospects.

Sale of Wheat.
Mr. P. Dolan sold his old crop of wheat, some 3,000 bushels, at 85 cents per bushel.—Lexington Gazette.